Short movie, long story

Description	This activity is focused on motion pictures and global warming. Students watch a short film (subtitled in English) by the studio Bagabaga about a community in Guiné-Bissau seriously affected by climate change and discuss the theme while thinking about film production as a technique and a particular form of communication.
Tag	MediaMovies
Skills	 MEDIA AND TECHNOLOGY Recognise and describe Compare Evaluate and reflect IDEOLOGY AND VALUES Recognise and describe Evaluate and reflect
Learning area	 Foreign Languages Language Social Sciences
Card languag	e • Spanish • English

Structure

Sessions	1
Duration	60' (Variable)
Number of participants	10-30
Age	• 10-13 • 14-16 • 17-18
Materials	Pen, paper, pencilsTelevision or computer (to exhibit the short film)

Process

Key questions	 What elements contribute to the storytelling when you watch a film? (image, sound, text) Does a written story has the same impact of a story told with motion pictures? Why? Does the motion picture provide a guarantee of truth and/or reliability? What is the short film about? Who's telling us the story? How do you know that? What part of the short film has a strong impact on you? Why? Do you remember a particular quote? Is there any film techniques that grab your attention?
Development	 Introduction - 15 The teacher should start by explaining what a short film is (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Short_film). Like a film, there are a lot of short film genres (let students refer to some - animation, comedy, drama, romance, sci-fi, horror, documentary). Then, students should watch the short movie mindfully in order to discuss it in the classroom after watching it: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VtqAUfVw318 (Portuguese subtites). https://wimeo.com/147454300 (English subtities) and as a starting point to talk about climate change and global warming (or also social inequalities). Discussion - 35' The teacher can use the 'key questions' above to start and conduct the debate about the short film. Students should find out the theme of the short film: climate change/global warming and its consequences. How do they know this? The theme is never named in the film directly. The protagonists do not even know why the changes are happening. That's what they want to know. It's like they know better than us a part of the story its Zé, we deduce. He never speaks directly to the camera. There were so many ways of telling us the story is Zé, we deduce. He never speaks directly to the camera. There were so many ways of telling us the story. It could be a journalits speaking. The choice of hearing just Zé's vice is important: it makes us feel like he is speaking to us directly, gives more dramatism to the story, it's like a testimonial; the same sensation is given when he looks directly at the camera. It's like he is asking us for help. There are significant moments in the film. The one in which Zé looks directly at the camera, for example. Also the image from top to bottom, when we see all the rice production is dry (there's no green); or, still, the moment when the skinny cat looks at the camera. Also what isn't in the film can stand out; the film is about climate change, global warming and has a powerful message although it never makes us se the cau
Evaluation	The evaluation should be done simultaneously with the discussion.
References for professors	 Media Education Guidance (http://www.dge.mec.pt/sites/default/files/ECidadania/Referenciais/media_education_guidance_dge_pt.pdf) Teachers Guide Series (Oscars.org): http://www.oscars.org/education-grants/teachers-guide-series The Story of Movies (the Film Foundation):